19.—Forms of Capital Employed in the Manufacturing Industries of Canada, by Provinces and Groups of Industries, 1936, and Totals for Representative Years 1924-35.

Nors.—Figures have been revised since publication of the 1938 Year Book; see headnote to Table 1, p. 379.

Province or Group.	Estab- lish- ments.	Fixed Capital.	Working Capital.		
		Land, Buildings, Fixtures, Machinery, Tools, and other Equipment.	Inventory Value of Raw Materials and Finished Products on Hand, Stocks in Process, Fuel, Supplies, etc.	Cash, Bills and Accounts Receivable, Prepaid Expenses, etc.	Total Capital.
	No.	*	\$	\$	\$
Totals, 1924 Totals, 1926 Totals, 1926 Totals, 1927 Totals, 1928 Totals, 1938 Totals, 1931 Totals, 1932 Totals, 1933 Totals, 1934 Totals, 1935	20,765 21,301 21,501 22,216 22,618 23,083 23,102 25,780 24,200 24,031	1,905,620,436 2,043,427,886 2,336,913,335 2,478,437,784 2,343,876,260 2,218,729,234 2,151,001,557 2,109,729,523	658,369,445 707,413,136 754,963,995; 867,669,319, 837,547,995; 710,242,778 597,939,060 573,567,617 596,110,478 610,814,942	519, 834, 982; 595, 927, 625 656, 413, 618 780, 289, 355 724, 944, 696 651, 562, 365 563, 807, 215 554, 569, 664 541, 508, 563 525, 366, 383	3,208,071,197 3,454,825,523 4,004,982,000 4,041,030,475 3,765,701,893 3,360,475,562 3,279,259,838 3,249,348,864
PROVINCE.	!				
Prince Edward Island Novs Scotia. Novs Scotia. New Brunswick Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia and Yukon.	1,158 784 7,969	59, 647, 988 58, 511, 562 678, 213, 293 959, 016, 420 79, 176, 130 21, 523, 510 45, 389, 672	16,407,852 12,987,359 189,435,373 332,756,305 23,804,517 10,073,974 16,454,328	490,546 11,832,513 9,969,177 161,897,373 296,711,405 15,535,187 10,458,073 8,380,578 42,606,962	87, 888, 35; 81, 468, 09; 1, 029, 546, 03; 1, 588, 484, 13; 118, 515, 84; 42, 055, 55; 70, 224, 57;
Tetals, 1836	24,202	2,061,610,260	651,771,457	\$57,881,814	3,271,263,531
INDUSTRIAL GROUP.					
Vegetable products. Animal products. Tentiles and textile products. Wood and paper products. Iron and its products. Non-ferrous metal products. Non-metallic mineral products. Chemicals and allied products. Miscellaneous industries.	803 745	125, 729, 983 170, 593, 142 665, 902, 485 359, 388, 705 160, 515, 825 210, 581, 667 84, 938, 489	57, 755, 584 79, 832, 950 99, 774, 323 121, 599, 999 54, 880, 171 48, 489, 570 32, 381, 501	109, 590, 668 38, 814, 277 65, 846, 911 108, 915, 973 119, 485, 618 50, 926, 078 23, 525, 298 30, 344, 543 10, 433, 048	222, 299, 84 316, 273, 00 874, 592, 78 600, 424, 32 266, 322, 07

Subsection 2.—Employment in Manufactures.

The total number of persons engaged in those manufacturing industries of Canada for which statistics were obtained in 1936 was 594,359, as compared with 468,658 in the same industries in 1933 and 666,531 in 1929. The 1936 employees included 104,417 salaried employees, this figure being obtained from the manufacturers at the end of the year, and 489,942 wage-earners, the average number employed as derived from the manufacturers' records of the numbers on the payrolls on the 15th of each of the twelve months. Prior to 1925, the number of wage-earners was computed as the sum of the number recorded each month divided by 12 whether the establishment was operating the 12 months or not. Beginning with the statistics for 1925, in seasonal industries which were in operation only a limited